1		Magistrate Judge Mary Alice Theiler
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7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON	
8	AT SEATTLE	
9	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	CASE NO. MJ11-434
11	Plaintiff,	COMPLAINT for VIOLATION
12	v.	Title 18, United States Code, Section 1029(a)(4)
13	ISMAIL SALI and EUGEN TIRCA,) Section 1029(a)(+)
14	Defendants.	
15		,
16	BEFORE the Honorable Mary Alice Theiler, United States Magistrate Judge, U.S. Courthouse, Seattle, Washington.	
17	The undersigned complainant being duly sworn states:	
18 19	COUNT ONE	
	(Possession of Device-Making Equipment)	
20	On or about June 18, 2011, at Bellevue, within the Western District of Washington, the	
21	defendants, ISMAIL SALI and EUGEN TIRCA, did knowingly and with intent to defraud,	
22	possess, produce, traffic in, have custody and control of, and aid and abet the production,	
23	trafficking, custody and control, and possession of, device-making equipment, specifically a pin	
24	hole camera and a card skimming device designed to be affixed to an Automated Teller Machin	
25	(ATM) at the US Bank Bellevue Highlands Branch in Bellevue, Washington, which conduct	
26	affected interstate and foreign commerce.	
27	All in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Sections 1029(a)(4) and (c)(1)(A)(ii).	
28	·	

I, MALCOLM FREDERICK, being duly sworn on oath, depose and say:

INTRODUCTION AND AGENT BACKGROUND

- I am a Special Agent with the United States Secret Service ("Secret Service") and 1. have been so employed since March 31, 2008. I am currently assigned to the Seattle Field Office. I am a graduate of the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center located in Glynco, Georgia. I am also a graduate of the Secret Service Special Agent Training Program located in Beltsville, Maryland. Additionally, I am a graduate of the Washington State Basic Law Enforcement Training Academy. Prior to my employment with the Secret Service, I was a Commissioned Law Enforcement Officer with the Redmond Police Department for more than fourteen years. I also have a Bachelor of Arts Degree from the University of Washington. In the course of my official duties as a Special Agent with the Secret Service, I have been involved in cases involving credit card fraud, bank fraud, access device fraud, and counterfeit currency and securities. As part of my training with the Secret Service, I have received specialized instruction on investigating financial crimes, credit card fraud, mail and wire fraud, identity theft, and the manufacturing of counterfeit currency. I have also received specialized training in the investigation of basic electronic crimes involving the use of computers and other electronic devices.
- 2. This Affidavit is made in support of a complaint for the arrest of ISMAIL SALI and EUGEN TIRCA, for violations of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1029(a) (Access Device Fraud). The information contained in this Affidavit is based on my own personal knowledge and information provided to me during my participation in this investigation, including information provided by other law enforcement officers and witnesses. This Affidavit is submitted solely for the purpose of establishing probable cause for the charge alleged in this Complaint and does not purport to set forth all of my knowledge of, or investigation into, this case.

SUMMARY OF INVESTIGATION

3. Since about June 2008, the Secret Service Electronic Crimes Task Force ("ECTF"), Seattle Field Office, has been conducting investigations of credit/debit card skimming

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activity, which has targeted Automated Teller Machines ("ATMs") in Western Washington. The ECTF is an investigative task force that is comprised of local law enforcement officers and agents from the Secret Service. The investigation regarding ISMAIL SALI first was initiated by Detective Donald Carroll of the Kirkland Police, who was developing evidence that SALI, along with other suspects, were involved in the operation of a fraud scheme utilizing skimming devices to compromise credit and debit cards used by the actual account holders to conduct legitimate transactions. EUGEN TIRCA, a Romanian citizen believed to be illegally present in the United States, is a known associate of SALI and a member of the fraud scheme. Secret Service ECTF began encountering TIRCA in Fall 2010, but did not positively identify him until late Spring 2011.

4. Based on this investigation, I have determined that ISMAIL SALI and EUGEN TIRCA, and others have placed electronic skimming devices and video surveillance devices on various ATMs and have used, without authorization, improperly obtained personally identifying information of others, such as account data and PINs, to execute, or attempt to execute, transactions at ATMs and various retailers, for the purpose of accessing funds to which they are not entitled. The evidence establishing probable cause includes bank surveillance footage of skimming activity and unauthorized transactions, surveillance footage from retailers of purchases using cards encoded with victims' account data; law enforcement surveillance; and information provided by victims and witnesses.

A. Background: Skimming and Skimming Devices

5. Credit/debit card "skimming" is the theft of credit/debit card information used in an otherwise legitimate transaction. Among other techniques, suspects often use manufactured plastic materials that look similar to parts of the face plate of an ATM machine. Once this plastic material is fabricated, an electronic card reader is placed inside the plastic. This small device (the "skimmer" or "skimming device") will store the information, or track data, of an unsuspecting victim's bank card. Suspects can place the plastic device over the actual ATM card reader portal and intercept bank card information as the victim's bank card is passed through the device. In some instances where an ATM device is within a bank's enclosed vestibule area,

suspects may place the skimming device inside or over card readers on the vestibule door. In these instances, when a victim swipes their card through the vestibule card reader in order to access the ATM after hours or on the weekend, the skimming device captures the card data.

- 6. In conjunction with these skimming devices, suspects will routinely install small "pin-hole" cameras above or to the side of the ATM key pad. These cameras capture a victim's Personal Identification Number ("PIN") as the customer uses the ATM machine. The times on the skimming device are synchronized with the recorded times of the camera, which enables the suspects to match a victim's PIN with the information taken from the bank card. Often times these cameras are installed using tape, glue, or other adhesive materials.
- 7. Skimming devices are often capable of holding data pertaining to hundreds or even thousands of bank cards. Most skimming devices have an integrated USB port, which allows data captured on the skimmer to be downloaded onto a laptop or desk top computer. Suspects will typically retrieve their skimming devices, connect the skimming devices to a computer, and then download the victim bank account data. Some devices contain wireless transmission devices that allow the suspects to remotely retrieve data from the skimming device. Typically, suspects will then transfer or "re-code" victim card data onto blank credit/debit card stock, also known as white plastic. Suspects have also been known to re-code stolen card data onto store gift cards. Any credit card sized plastic card with a magnetic stripe on the back of the card may be used to re-code victim card data and access funds in the victim's account. Given the nature of the activity, skimming necessarily requires use of a computer and other digital devices, including cameras, encoding equipment, and USB devices..
- 8. Once this process is complete, suspects use the newly made cards to access victim bank account information at any available ATM machine or through point of sale purchases. Typically, suspects will withdraw cash and also purchase consumer goods and merchandise within a short period of time from the date that the debit card account was "skimmed." In some instances, however, suspects will wait several months before utilizing the stolen data. In either case, however, suspects will typically conduct numerous fraudulent transactions in a short time frame in order to maximize the use of the stolen data before the compromised bank or banks

recognize the breach and begin shutting down the compromised accounts.

B. Evidence of Criminal Activity

9. This investigation uncovered evidence supporting probable cause to believe that ISMAIL SALI and EUGEN TIRCA have been involved in a criminal operation for some time, and have committed various crimes, including access device fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1029(a). The following merely highlights supporting evidence.

(1) 2010 ATM Skimming Activity

- 10. On December 2, 2010, two suspects, I.A. and D.P., were arrested in Bothell, Washington by local law enforcement officers after being observed engaging in suspicious activity at multiple ATMs. The two suspects were driving a Jeep Cherokee. During a subsequent warrant search of the Jeep, officers discovered more than 25 VISA debit cards encoded with stolen bank customer data, a substantial amount of cash, and ATM and wire receipts. Also recovered was mail addressed to ISMAIL SALI and a 2008 title certificate showing SALI as the legal owner of the vehicle (or at least a past legal owner). The Jeep Cherokee is currently registered to a known female associate of SALI, whose initials are N.B., at an apartment in Redmond, Washington, as are other vehicles associated with SALI and TIRCA. I.A. and D.P. used this Redmond address on their Washington State identification cards.
- 11. Both I.A. and D.P., who, like EUGEN TIRCA, are Romanian citizens unlawfully present in the United States, were charged federally based on their alleged involvement in numerous skims of ATMs and unauthorized withdrawals from hundreds of victims' accounts. A third unidentified male suspect is seen repeatedly in bank surveillance video with I.A. and D.P. both placing devices on ATMs and executing fraudulent ATM withdrawals. That third suspect was thereafter identified as EUGEN TIRCA based on known photographs and images, including TIRCA's Washington Department of Licensing photograph. An ATM surveillance image of D.P. and TIRCA together during a skimming incident is attached as **Exhibit A**.
- 12. Several vehicles were associated with the skimming activity committed with I.A., D.P., and TIRCA. In addition to the Jeep Cherokee driven on the day of I.A.'s and D.P.'s arrest, a black Mercedes SUV and a white full-size van are plainly visible on surveillance video in

connection with known skimming incidents. All of these vehicles are associated with the known residence of SALI, which is located in Kirkland, Washington (hereafter, "SUBJECT PREMISES"). Surveillance has further confirmed that TIRCA also resides at this SUBJECT PREMISES, and that SALI and TIRCA are primary users of the aforementioned vehicles.

- a. As one example, on November 1, 2010, unauthorized cash withdrawals, and additional attempts, were made at a Boeing Employees' Credit Union ("BECU") ATM in the Lower Queen Anne neighborhood in Seattle. I also have reviewed the ATM surveillance video, which shows that at approximately 4:14 p.m., a white full-size van stops directly in front of the ATM. The driver of the white van is not visible. A male suspect, plainly identifiable as I.A., exits the passenger-side door, approaches the ATM, and executes several sequential ATM transactions using various cards. He then returns to the passenger seat in the van. Then, at about 4:17 p.m., a second suspect, readily identifiable as D.P., exits the back-seat sliding door of the van, approaches the ATM, and makes several transactions. At times, D.P. covers the camera with his hand. D.P. returns to the van, entering the back sliding door, and, at approximately 4:19 p.m., the van drives away. From reviewing the transaction data, I know that the victimized accounts were compromised through prior skimming incidents at other BECU ATM locations.
- b. As another example, a BECU ATM located on Coal Creek Parkway, in Newcastle, Washington was skimmed on October 15, 2010. I have reviewed ATM surveillance images from this skimming incident, which shows a white full-size van in front of the ATM at around 10:56 a.m. D.P. then appears to affix the skimming device onto the ATM. Then, at about 1:47 p.m., a black Mercedes SUV stops in front of the ATM. I.A. and D.P. are visible on surveillance footage and appear to remove devices from the ATM. Sample surveillance images are attached as **Exhibit B**.
- 13. Both I.A. and D.P. have entered pleas of guilty to several criminal counts arising from their skimming activity and unauthorized ATM withdrawals from victim accounts. Both defendants currently await sentencing.

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(2) March 3, 2011 Surveillance.

- 14. On March 3, 2011, detectives with the Bellevue Police Department ("BPD") and agents with the Secret Service conducted a surveillance operation on the SUBJECT PREMISES. The purpose of this surveillance was to identify additional suspects and collect additional evidence in furtherance of the ongoing investigation into ATM skimming activity. Three vehicles associated with this residence, namely, (1) a black 1999 Mercedes ML430, (2) a white 1997 Chevrolet G3 van, and (3) a 1989 Ford F150 truck, as well as others, were present at the beginning of this surveillance operation.
- 15. At approximately 4:30 p.m., surveillance witnessed a male subject drive the Ford truck out of the driveway of the residence and park it in the cul-de-sac. This subject then got into the white van, which was parked in front of the residence, and drive away. This subject was wearing a light-colored hat, dark-colored jacket (possible black or dark grey), and blue jeans. The subject had the jacket zipped up all the way to his neck.
- Investigators followed the van as it left the residence. A short time later surveillance was lost. At approximately 4:40 p.m., BPD Detective Shelby Shearer located the van in a 7-11 parking lot, at 13335 100th Ave NE, in Kirkland. Detective Shearer then contacted the employee at 7-11 and confirmed that the driver of the van had been inside the store and made a cash purchase.
- 17. On this same day, at approximately 4:48 p.m., Detective Herst and Detective Shearer followed the van as it drove into the parking lot of a Safeway store, also in Kirkland. The driver (and the lone occupant of the vehicle) parked the van and walked into the store. Detective Herst looked into the van through the driver's window and observed what appeared to be one or more credit/debit cards sitting upside down on the middle console.
- 18. Detective Herst then walked into the Safeway, located the driver and followed him as he shopped inside the store. The suspect matched the description of ISMAIL SALI. The man, believed to be SALI, purchased \$209.37 in groceries. Detective Herst was standing in line behind this subject as he attempted to pay using a card, which was immediately declined. The man then presented another credit card, which was accepted. The man also used a Safeway Club

Card to compliment his purchase.

- 19. Once this purchase was complete, the subject walked outside, loaded his groceries into the van, and then drove out of the parking lot. Surveillance followed the van as it drove directly from the Safeway store back to the SUBJECT PREMISES, arriving at approximately 5:30 p.m. There, investigators witnessed the man and a second unknown individual unload the groceries from the van and carry them into the residence.
- 20. Detective Herst later contacted Safeway Fraud Investigator Ingrid Bechtel regarding the suspect's \$209.37 purchase that had taken place at Safeway. Bechtel provided Detective Herst with the credit card information that had been used to complete the grocery purchase. A Bank of America VISA credit card, account number ending in -8508, was used first and had been declined. An American Express ("AMEX") credit card, account number ending in -1005, was used to complete the grocery purchase.
- 21. I have confirmed that neither the VISA nor AMEX account belongs to SALI. The owner of AMEX credit card (no. -1005), whose initials are P.K., reported that she did not make nor authorize the grocery purchase at Safeway and that she still had the credit card in her possession. P.K. also told investigators that she had multiple fraudulent charges on her credit card account, including an unauthorized purchase of \$288.58 at an Albertson's store, at 9826 NE 132nd Street, Kirkland, Washington, on March 4, 2011. Investigators obtained and reviewed Albertson's surveillance video associated with this fraudulent transaction using P.K.'s account data. The video depicts a male and a female, along with a small child, purchasing groceries. The male, who paid for the groceries using a card, matches the description and appears to me to be ISMAIL SALI. I also recognize the female and child, who are known associates of SALI.
- 22. The owner of VISA credit card (no. -8508) is a person with initials of X.J. According to Bank of America Investigator Paul Lemon, this credit card account had been closed due to reported fraudulent activity. Lemon provided investigators with additional fraudulent transaction information, which included two attempted payments at King County Solid Waste Station #20 on March 2 and 4, 2011. Investigators contacted King County Solid Waste and obtained video surveillance footage of both these attempted transactions. Investigators reviewed

this video, which consisted of several different camera angles, to include the ingress and egress from the payment station area. This video clearly shows the same vehicle, namely, a white full-size van with no side windows, at the payment station at the time at which X.J.'s VISA card was being used on March 2 and 4, 2011. The front bumper of the van, which does not have a front license plate, is very distinctive, as it has a large dent, with visible rusted edges, located just to the right of center. I recognize this van as the same van that consistently is parked in front of the SUBJECT PREMISES, that SALI and TIRCA regularly drive, and that was driven as part of the March 3, 2011, fraudulent transactions.

(3) March 19, 2011 Skimming Incident

- US Bank identified a skimming incident that occurred on March 19, 2011, at the US Bank Juanita Branch ATM, located at 13233 100th Ave NE Kirkland, Washington 98034. In total, approximately 24 individuals had their account data skimmed during this incident. Beginning the following day, March 20, 2011, and continuing for the following few days, numerous transactions were attempted using the account data of the aforementioned skimming victims. Based on my training and experience regarding skimming operations, I know that this means that the suspects synchronized the skimmed account data and video of PIN information, encoded skimmed account data onto blank card stock, and manufactured counterfeit cards, all of which requires the use of digital devices, including computers, almost immediately after the skimming incident occurred.
- 24. US Bank ATM surveillance video from March 19, 2011, shows a male suspect placing a device on the ATM at 3:18 p.m. and a second male suspect later returning to remove the device at about 6:27 p.m. US Bank Investigator David Hauth has confirmed that no legitimate electronic transaction occurred while either of the suspects were standing at the ATM. The first suspect is seen approaching the ATM and clearly removes a long narrow device from inside his jacket, which he then installs on the ATM. Approximately three hours later, the second suspect, wearing a hat and sunglasses in an effort to conceal his identity, is seen standing in front of the ATM for approximately thirty seconds, as, it appears, he removes a skimming device from the ATM. Sample surveillance images are attached as **Exhibit C**.

including Washington Department of Licensing photographs, I believe that EUGEN TIRCA is

Based on my review of the surveillance video, other images of known persons,

the individual installing the skimming device and ISMAIL SALI is the individual later removing the device.

25.

(4) June 18, 2011 Skimming Activity

- 26. Another skimming incident occurred on June 18, 2011, at the US Bank Bellevue Highlands Branch ATM, located at 13830 NE 20th Street, Bellevue, Washington 98005. A skimming device was placed on this ATM between about 3:24 and 4:41 p.m. During this period, at least six victims used this ATM and had their accounts compromised. Over the following days, approximately 45 unauthorized transactions were attempted using these victims' accounts in a total attempted amount of over \$18,000.
- 27. The US Bank Investigator David Hauth provided ATM surveillance video of the June 18, 2011, incident. A white full-size van, which appears to be the van associated with SALI, TIRCA, and the SUBJECT PREMISES, pulls into one of two handicapped parking stalls located in front of the bank branch. (In prior surveillance, I have observed a handicapped placard hanging from the rear-view mirror of SALI's van.) A male suspect, wearing a light-colored hat and a dark vest over a hooded sweatshirt, appears to exit the passenger side of the van and approach the ATM. The suspect, whom I believe to be EUGEN TIRCA, then removes long narrow device, i.e., what appears to be a skimming device, from his jacket and appears to affix it to the ATM at about 3:24 p.m. The suspect departs the ATM and returns toward the van when a legitimate customer approaches. A second male suspect, wearing a dark long-sleeve coat, blue jeans, and a dark baseball cap, is visible loitering in the background. As the legitimate customer departs, the second suspect, whom I believe to be ISMAIL SALI, approaches the ATM and appears to tinker with and perhaps test the skimming device. The second suspect then leaves the ATM, enters the driver's door of the white van, and drives the van from the scene.
- 28. Approximately ninety minutes later, at about 4:41 p.m., the first suspect, whom I believe to be EUGEN TIRCA, returns to the ATM and removes the device. Hauth has confirmed that no legitimate electronic transaction occurred while the suspect was standing at the ATM on

either instance.

On June 18, 2011, the SUBJECT PREMISES was under surveillance by members of Secret Service ECTF. Over the course of the day, EUGEN TIRCA and ISMAIL SALI are seen entering and exiting the residence and leaving and returning to the SUBJECT PREMISES. Specifically, on this date at approximately 2:06 p.m., TIRCA and SALI exit the residence, get into the white van, and depart. TIRCA is wearing a gray, long-sleeve hooded sweatshirt, a dark (possibly black) vest, and a light-colored baseball cap with writing on the front. SALI is wearing a dark long-sleeve coat, blue jeans, and a dark baseball cap. At approximately 5:04 p.m., the white van returns to the SUBJECT PREMISES. TIRCA and SALI, wearing the same clothing as before, exit the vehicle and walk into the residence.

(5) June 19, 2011 Unauthorized Withdrawals

- 30. On June 19, 2011, surveillance on the SUBJECT PREMISES continued. At approximately 5:14 p.m., TIRCA and SALI leave the SUBJECT PREMISES in the white van. TIRCA is wearing a shiny dark-colored (perhaps purple) long-sleeved jacket, a light blue shirt, and a beige colored baseball cap with a symbol on the front.
- 31. On June 19, 2011, between about 5:25 and 5:35 p.m., there were about seven unauthorized cash withdrawals and ten additional attempted unauthorized cash withdrawals at the US Bank ATM located at 6460 Bothell Way, in Kenmore, Washington. This ATM location is less than four miles and an estimated 10-minute drive from the SUBJECT PREMISES. According to Hauth, all of the successful and attempted unauthorized cash withdrawals were made on victim accounts that had been compromised during the skimming incident at the US Bank Bellevue Highlands Branch on the prior day, June 18, 2011, discussed above. A review of bank surveillance video shows that the same suspect, whom I believe to be EUGEN TIRCA, conducts each of the fraudulent transactions. In each of these transactions the male suspect is wearing a shiny dark-colored long-sleeved jacket, a light blue shirt, and a beige colored baseball cap.
- 32. At approximately 6:21 p.m., the white van returns to the SUBJECT PREMISES, and TIRCA and SALI exit the vehicle and walk into the residence.

(6) June 20, 2011 Unauthorized Withdrawals

- 33. On June 20, 2011, surveillance on the SUBJECT PREMISES continued. At approximately 6:16 p.m., TIRCA and SALI exit the SUBJECT PREMISES, get into the white van and drive away. TIRCA is wearing a shiny, dark-colored (perhaps purple) long-sleeved jacket, a light blue shirt, and a beige colored baseball cap with a symbol on the front (i.e., what appears to be the same, or a virtually identical, outfit as worn on June 19, 2011).
- 34. On that date, June 20, 2011, between about 6:26 and 6:32 p.m., there were about six unauthorized cash withdrawals and thirteen additional attempted unauthorized cash withdrawals at the previously mentioned US Bank ATM in Kenmore. Again, this bank branch is less than four miles and an estimated 10-minute drive from the SUBJECT PREMISES. As before, all of the successful and attempted unauthorized cash withdrawals were made on victim accounts that had been compromised during the skimming incident at the US Bank Bellevue Highlands Branch on June 18, 2011. A review of video surveillance shows that the same male suspect, whom I believe to be EUGEN TIRCA, conducts each of the fraudulent transactions. In each of these transactions the male suspect again is wearing a shiny dark-colored long-sleeved jacket, a light blue shirt, and a beige colored baseball cap.
- 35. At approximately 8:14 p.m., the white van returns to the SUBJECT PREMISES, and TIRCA and SALI exit the vehicle together and walk into the residence.

(7) August 17, 2011: Unauthorized Transactions

On this day, at approximately 2:10 p.m., ISMAIL SALI is seen arriving at the SUBJECT PREMISES in a Jeep Cherokee. SALI, who is the driver and lone occupant of the vehicle, is immediately greeted by two unidentified individuals, both of whom had arrived earlier at SALI's residence and were waiting for him. SALI, with the help of the two unidentified individuals, unloaded several items from the Jeep, which included two bouquets of flowers, two cases of beer, and multiple white plastic grocery bags, one of which is clearly identifiable as a Safeway grocery bag. After unloading these items, SALI and the two unidentified individuals walk into the residence.

- 37. Investigation into the details surrounding the purchase of the above-mentioned items has revealed that SALI fraudulently purchased these items from a Safeway grocery store in downtown Bellevue, Washington, using the account data of several fraud victims. Safeway video surveillance captured images of SALI as he is making the fraudulent purchase. More specifically, on August 17, 2011, at approximately 1:40 p.m., SALI attempted to use Alaska USA Federal Credit Union debit card number ending in -2044, which belongs to account holder B.H., for the \$283.28 purchase. This card was immediately declined. SALI then attempted to complete this purchase with a second debit card. The second card, encoded with a Capital One debit card number ending in -2612, which belongs to account holder S.K., was also declined. SALI then used a third card, encoded with Citi Bank debit card number ending in -1131, belonging to L.C., which was approved.
- 38. Investigators contacted Alaska USA, Capital One, and Citi Bank regarding the August 17, 2011, grocery purchase. Alaska USA confirmed that debit card number ending in -2044 belonged to account holder B.H. and that the card had been cancelled on August 16, 2011, due to suspicious activity originally reported on August 12, 2011. Investigators spoke with B.H., who confirmed he had not attempted nor authorized the purchase at Safeway. Capital One confirmed debit card number ending in -2612 belonged to S.K. and had experienced multiple fraudulent attempted purchases in the week before August 17, 2011. Investigators spoke to S.K., who confirmed he had not attempted to make nor authorized the purchase at Safeway. Citi Bank confirmed that debit card number ending in -1131 was issued to L.C., the card was still active, and no fraud had been reported. Investigators then contacted L.C., who confirmed that neither he nor any of the authorized users of the card had made a purchase at Safeway in Bellevue on August 17, 2011.
- 39. Based on my training and experience and on this investigation, I believe that ISMAIL SALI and EUGEN TIRCA have used "device-making equipment" to obtain victim information and "unauthorized access devices" and "counterfeit access devices" to execute unauthorized and fraudulent transactions. Title 18, United States Code, Section 1029(e), defines these terms as follows:

1	a. the term "access device" means any card, plate, code, account number,	
2	electronic serial number, mobile identification number, personal identification number, or oth	
3	telecommunications service, equipment, or instrument identifier, or other means of account	
4	access that can be used, alone or in conjunction with another access device, to obtain money,	
5	goods, services, or any other thing of value, or that can be used to initiate a transfer of funds	
6	(other than a transfer originated solely by paper instrument);	
7	b. the term "counterfeit access device" means any access device that is	
8	counterfeit, fictitious, altered, or forged, or an identifiable component of an access device or a	
9	counterfeit access device;	
10	c. the term "unauthorized access device" means any access device that is	
11	lost, stolen, expired, revoked, canceled, or obtained with intent to defraud;	
12	d. the term "device-making equipment" means any equipment, mechanism	
13	or impression designed or primarily used for making an access device or a counterfeit access	
14	device.	
15	40. I know, based on my training and experience, that each of the banks and credit	
16	unions discussed above are financial institutions, as defined in Title 18, United States Code,	
17	Section 20, because they are either insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or the	
18	National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund.	
19	CONCLUSION	
20	9. Based on the above facts, I respectfully submit that there is probable cause to	
21	believe that ISMAIL SALI and EUGEN TIRCA did knowingly and intentionally commit the	
22	crime of access device fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1029(a)(4),	
23	among other crimes.	
24		
25	must	
26	MALCOLM FREDERICK, Complainant Special Agent, U.S. Secret Service	
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Case 2:11-mj-00434-MAT Document 1 Filed 09/13/11 Page 15 of 24

Based on the Complaint and Affidavit sworn to before me, and subscribed in my presence, the Court hereby finds that there is probable cause to believe the Defendants committed the offense set forth in the Complaint. Dated this <u>3</u> day of September, 2011. United States Magistrate Judge

EXHIBIT A

EXHIBIT B





10/15/2010 13:47:10.69 6920 Coal Creek Parkway SE ATM 900



Creek Parkway SE) Coal 900

EXHIBIT C

Digital Video Snapshot Page 23 of 24

Site: Pacific Division/Northwest Region/WA/8240 Juanita

Camera Group: 8240 Juanita

Camera Name: 02 ATM 2

3/19/2011 3:18:03 PM (Pacific Daylight Time)



Capture Size: 352 x 240 pixels

Device Network Name: PSVWA16HL01M01

Device Serial Number: GS0825E126

Device Station ID: 8240 Juanita

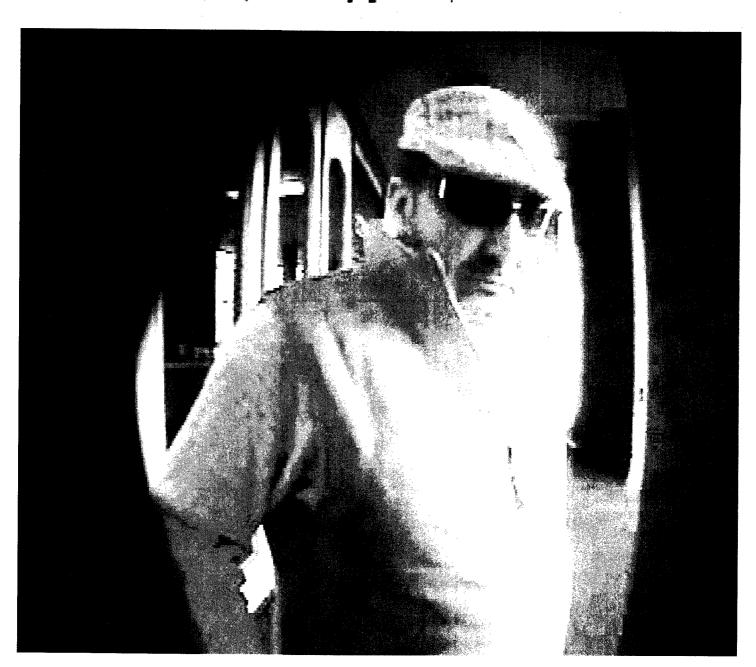
Digital Case 2:11-mi-00434-MAT Document 1 Filed 09/13/11 Page 24 of 24 Digital Video Snapshot

Site: Pacific Division/Northwest Region/WA/8240 Juanita

Camera Group: 8240 Juanita

Camera Name: 02 ATM 2

3/19/2011 6:22:52 PM (Pacific Daylight Time)



Capture Size: 352 x 240 pixels

Device Retwork Name: PSV: VA18H_011101

Device Serial Number: GS0825E128

Device Station ID: 8240 Juanita